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All Letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to A. L. PRICE.

Wilmingon Journal.

BY A. L. PRICE.

GOD, OUR COUNTRY, AND LIBERTY.

VOL. 5.—NO. 17.

WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 5, 1849.

CIRCULATION OF THE JOURNAL 1300.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

Post Office, Wilmington.

NORTHERN MAIL, by Rail Road, due daily at 9 A. M., and close at 10 every night.

SOUTHERN MAIL, by Steamer from Charleston, is due daily at 8 A. M., and closes at 9 A. M. every day.

FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Rail Road, is due on Mondays and Fridays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days at 10 at night.

FAYETTEVILLE MAIL, by Post-Hall, Elizabethtown, via New Bern and Robeson, is due on Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays, at 9 A. M., and closes on same days at 10 P. M.

SMITHVILLE MAIL, by Steamer, is due daily at 8 A. M., and closes at 9 P. M. every day.

TAYLOR'S BORDER, LONG CREEK, MORRIS'S CREEK, BLACK RIVER CHAPEL, and HARRISON'S STORE MAIL, due every Thursday at 6 P. M., and close same night at 10.

ONslow MAIL, via Tarpon Sound, Stump Sound, Neels Ferry, Jacksonville to Richlands, and returns via Bannerman's, is due every Monday at 4 P. M., and closes every Thursday night at 10 P. M.

PENNING
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Neatly executed and with despatch, on
liberal terms for cash, at the
JOURNAL OFFICE.

GEORGE W. DAVIS,
Commission and Forwarding
MERCHANT.

DAVIS'S WHARF,
South Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

WM. A. GWYER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCER
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

North Water Street, WILMINGTON, N. C.

B. N. DIBBLE, Esq., New York.
R. G. KENNEDY, Esq., WILMINGTON, N. C.

October 6, 1848.

W. M. H. LIPPITT,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGIST,

Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass,
Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent
Medicines, &c. &c.

On Front street, between Market and Dock, two
doors North of Messrs. Hart & Polley's, Wil-
mington, N. C.

October 8, 1848—[4]

W. L. SMITH,
(late of the firm of SANDFORD & SMITH)
AUCTIONEER
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Rooms on North Water Street, Parsley's block,
September 29, 1848.

JOHN T. RUSS,
INSPECTOR OF
TIMBER AND LUMBER,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

October 13, 1848—[5]

MOODY B. SMITH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Has located in the town of Wilmington, N. C., and may be found at his office, opposite the Court-house.

M. B. S. will also practice in the Courts of Brunswick and Duplin Counties.

Sept 29, 1848—[3-f]

LAW NOTICE.

The subscriber has resumed the duties of his profession, and will be found at his office on the corner of Second and Princess streets, on the corner of his office on the second floor.

EDWD CANTWELL.

Wilmington, N. C., March 24, 1848.

* Prompt attention given to claims under the various Pension and Benefit Laws, passed to encourage emigration in the Regular Army and Volunteer Services of the United States.

March 10, 1848—[2-f]

TO TIMBER AND LUMBER MAKERS.

The undersigned having been appointed INSPECTORS OF TIMBER AND LUMBER, will attend promptly to any business entrusted to them in the above line.

THOS H. ASHE.

W. H. LIPSEY.

N. B. Thos. H. Ashe will be happy to attend to the business of his former customers, as of old.

Sept. 22, 1848. 2-f

REMOVAL.

I have removed from the store occupied by me last year, and can now be found two doors North, at the store recently occupied by J. C. Latte, Lord's buildings.

W. A. GWYER.

BACON SIDES.

4 hds now in store. For sale by

W. A. GWYER.

AMERICAN HOTEL.

The subscriber having taken that commanding brick building, on Market street, lately occupied by Mr. L. D. CHERRY, and refurnished it in a new and complete style, is prepared to accommodate permanent and transient Boarders in the best manner. Determined to spare pains to insure the comfort and convenience of his Boarders, he appeals to a liberal public for a share of their patronage.

JAMES S. WREN.

Wilmington N. C. Nov. 10, 1848—[9-mos]

RAISINS—RAISINS.

In whole and half boxes. For sale by

W. A. GWYER.

IN STORE & FOR SALE VERY LOW,

10 lbs Superior Brown Sugar; 25 lbs Lagnu-

st and Domingo Coffee; 20 Bgs Rio do; 20

Bgs Apple Brandy, &c. &c. O. HOLMES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The Undersigned, the 15th day of June 1848, entered into a Co-partnership under the name of JAMES & SONS, and have erected jointly an extensive IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRY. Together with Machine and Blacksmith Shops, which they have denominatd the WILMINGTON IRON FOUNDRY, where they are prepared to execute with dispatch all orders they may receive in the above branches of business.

JAMES CASSIDY.

THEO. SCHRAEDER.

WM. SUTTON.

July 21—[45-f]

Notice.

The subscriber has opened an office in Parson's block on Water St., for the transaction of a general Commission Business. Proper attention will be paid to the sale of merchandise of any kind, as well as to the sale or shipment of any of the products of the country; and the usual advances made when desired, on consignment for sale, or for shipment to my friends at the North. I have a good Naval Store yard and Warehouse, remote from the danger of fire and will make charges moderate, where persons may desire to store temporally.

W. O. JEFFREYS.

May 5th, 1848.—[31f]

HALF RICE.

Tickets of half and quarter lbs in store, and for sale at lowest market price, by

D. J.

W. A. GWYER.

October 16, 1848

FRESH BUCKWHEAT.

Half and quarter lbs, known to be good. For sale by

W. A. GWYER.

October 16, 1848

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES and owners of Goods, coming

by any of the Packets consigned to my ad-

dresses, are hereby notified that they must send to the time the vessels are discharging, as I will not be responsible for any goods after being landed.

GEORGE W. DAVIS.

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GEORGE W. DAVIS.

October 16, 1848

NOTICE.

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He meant no imputation on the members, but struck at the system which had heretofore prevailed of allowing mileage.

The resolutions were adopted, with the exception of "sending for persons and papers."

And the House adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28, 1848.

SENATE.

Mr. Atchison in the chair. Hon. Edward A. Hannegan, Senator from Indiana, who has been for some time detained at Pittsburgh by sickness, resumed his seat in the Senate today. He was most cordially welcomed by his brother Senators, of both political parties.

The bill to extend the charter of the Washington, Georgetown and Alexandria Steam Packet Company was taken up, and the question being on its passage, Mr. Allen asked the yeas and nays; they were ordered, and the bill was passed, 26 to 15.

Mr. Bright introduced a joint resolution, repealing the clause in the general appropriation bill of last session, which reduces the mileage of persons appointed in the different States to deliver at the seat of government the votes of the electoral colleges for President and Vice-President, from 25 to 12½ cents.

Mr. Bright said, from an examination which he had made, it appeared that 25 cents mileage had been allowed as far back as 1792, and he should vote for the present bill with great pleasure.

The joint resolution was then read the third time and passed.

The Senate then, in pursuance of resolution, took up the private calendar, and quite a number of bills were disposed of. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The standing committee were called for reports, and a number were presented, mostly unimportant.

Mr. Collamer, from the committee on public lands, reported back the bill heretofore introduced by Mr. Vinton, relating to certain new States, within which public lands are situated, the same quantities as have been heretofore given to the State of Ohio, for purposes of internal improvement, with a recommendation from the committee that it be laid on the table. The recommendation was concurred in, 81 to 70.

A message was received from the President, communicating the correspondence in reference to the arrest of American citizens in Ireland, called for by a resolution of the House.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the House went into committee of the whole on the state of the Union—Mr. Thompson, of Indiana, in the chair—and took up the bill, reported from the committee of ways and means, to supply the deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1849.

Mr. Pollock, of Penn., addressed the committee for an hour, chiefly in reference to the statements of imports and exports in the Report of the Secretary of the Treasury, to show that errors had been made therein. On the course of his remarks, explanations of the figures were made by Mr. McLane, but these did not appear to be satisfactory to Mr. Pollock. When Mr. P. had concluded, Mr. Thompson, of Pennsylvania, replied briefly—when

The committee rose, and Mr. Vinton offered a resolution to close debate in committee of the whole in five minutes, which was adopted.

The consideration of the bill was then referred in committee of the whole, and a number of amendments were proposed by Mr. Vinton, and agreed to.

One of these, to allow \$1 per day for a clerk to the Sergeant-at-Arms, was amended, on motion of Mr. Root, so as to deprive that officer of a messenger, if a clerk be employed by him, and in this shape it was agreed to.

An amendment offered by Mr. Houston, of Del., appropriating \$20,000 to refurbish the Presidential mansion after the 4th of March next, gave rise to some debate, when it was withdrawn by the mover.

On motion of Mr. Vinton, the committee then rose and referred the bill and amendments to the House. Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.

SENATE.

After the transaction of some unimportant business,

On motion, it was ordered that when the Senate adjourn, it adjourn to Tuesday next.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Executive business. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Vinton, from the committee of ways and means, reported the annual army appropriation bill, and the annual appropriation bill for the support of the military academy, both of which were referred to the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, and the general appropriation bill and the annual appropriation, yesterday reported, are made the special order for Thursday next, the 6th of January, and every day thereafter (except Friday's and Saturday's) until finally disposed of.

The House then, in committee of the whole, Mr. Boyd of Kentucky in the chair, proceeded to the consideration of bills on the private calendar. Adjourned to Tuesday next.

HON. ROBERT J. WALKER ON THE CHOLERA.

The Secretary of the Treasury has recently written a very long letter, detailing to certain gentlemen, who solicited it, his "experience" in regard to the Asiatic Cholera, when it first visited the United States. The most recent statement, in Mississippi, is stated to much less than we observed but very few points not over and over again embodied in the very extensive extracts we have given, at different times, from the foreign journals, which (particularly those of England and Scotland) have been teeming several months past, with all sorts of infallible cures and never-failing prescriptions. The Secretary, however, disagrees with the doctors in one remarkable particular. He does not believe in the use of opium, for the reason that it fails to arouse the system or accelerate the action of the calomel. He highly recommends the practice of Dr. Cartwright, of Natchez, Miss., as follows:

"1. To watch the first symptoms of the disease, and administer the proper remedies without a moment's delay. 2. To administer forthwith, after the first symptoms, a dose composed of ten grains of camphor, twenty grains of red pepper, and twenty grains of calomel, to be taken in powders, if practicable; if not, in pills. 3. As soon as the dose was swallowed, to strip the patient and rub him gently but effectually with some stimulating ointment, by many hands as could have convenient access, the rubbing to be continued so as not to occasion fatigue until the medicine produced its proper effect.

The cure was chiefly effected by the operation of the calomel upon the liver, in changing the condition of the vessels to those more active, by calomel, which generally takes place, according to my recollection, in from one to two hours after the dose was repeated. The object of the camphor and red pepper was to accelerate the action of the calomel, as well as to rouse the energies of the system. The purpose of the stimulating ointment was to maintain warmth at the surface, to arrest the coldness of the skin, which is so marked a symptom of the disease, to keep up the circulation of the blood, and to prevent that settling of the blood upon the central organs, and its coagulation, causing its resemblance to a tarry substance, which is marked an accompaniment of the disease.—*Ex. Paper.*

Tarboro Academy—Male Department. A public examination of Mr. Lindsay's pupils took place yesterday: Upon which occasion it was evident that two hundred and twenty-four had been admitted, and successfully attained by the Principal, viz., a thorough acquaintance with the rudiments of education; and an attempt to make each branch attractive to the pupil's mind, by means of striking off-hand illustrations.

It gave us great pleasure too, to observe the correct and polite deportment of the young gentlemen. In short, the whole exhibition of scholarship and behavior, convinced us that the school is now under the care of an accomplished scholar, and an efficient disciplinarian.

Tarboro' Press.

N. C. LEGISLATURE.

TUESDAY, Dec. 26.

SENATE.

Mr. Shepard, from the committee to whom the Message of the Governor relating to our early Colonial History was referred, reported a resolution authorizing the Governor to obtain documents, &c., which passed its first reading.

Mr. Hayes' bill to amend the 6th Section of the act of last session, to provide for a re-assessment of the lands of this State, &c., which passed its first reading.

Mr. Shepard called up the bill to amend the laws for the collection and management of a Revenue for the State; which bill was read the second time amended, and passed.

And the Senate adjourned.

SENATE.

The following bills and resolutions passed their third reading:—A bill concerning Sheriffs. A bill authorizing the inspection of provisions, &c., bill to incorporate Duplin Guards. A bill concerning Weights and Measures. A bill regulating the duties of Sheriffs. A bill authorizing Justices of Peace of New Hanover to sell the Poor House of County of Duplin. A bill to incorporate Union Chapter in the County of Duplin. A bill to amend the 49th Chapter of Revised Statutes.

A resolution was adopted to send a message to the Senate, proposing to set apart to morrow for the appointment of Justices of the Peace. Also, to establish a Joint Rule by which a Joint Committee on Public Roads and Buildings should be appointed.

Mr. Sheek introduced a bill to amend the 3d Sec. of the 73d ch. Rev. Stat. Referred to committee on Militia. Also, a bill to incorporate Neuse River Lodge of I. O. O. F. in Goldsboro. A bill to incorporate the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of North Carolina. A bill to amend an act to lay off a Road from Burnsville, in the County of Yancey, to Asheville, in Buncombe.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 27.

SENATE.

The Senate resolved to agree to the raising of a Joint Select Committee to inquire into the expediency of changing the time of holding the elections.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the memorial of A. Whitney, on the subject of a Rail-road to the Pacific Ocean, praying that the same may be referred to a Joint Select committee.

On motion of Mr. Woodfin, a message was sent to the House, with a proposition to raise said committee.

The bill to amend the act of last session to provide for a re-assessment of the lands of the State, and a more accurate enlistment of taxable polls, was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

The resolutions in relation to the liabilities of the State, &c., introduced by Mr. Berry, were taken up, amended, and passed their second reading.

The report of the Judiciary committee in relation to the compensation of Trustees in the service of the Treasury, to show that errors had been made therein, the course of his remarks, explanations of the figures were made by Mr. McLane, but these did not appear to be satisfactory to Mr. Pollock.

When Mr. P. had concluded, Mr. Thompson, of Pennsylvania, replied briefly—when

The committee rose, and Mr. Vinton offered a resolution to close debate in committee of the whole, which was adopted.

The consideration of the bill was then referred in committee of the whole, and a number of amendments were proposed by Mr. Vinton, and agreed to.

One of these, to allow \$1 per day for a clerk to the Sergeant-at-Arms, was amended, on motion of Mr. Root, so as to deprive that officer of a messenger, if a clerk be employed by him, and in this shape it was agreed to.

Mr. Satterthwaite moved to take up and consider the bill to repeal an act to establish the county of Polk. The bill passed its 2d reading.

Mr. Dobbin moved to make the bill to establish a Bank in Fayetteville, the special order of the day for Tuesday next, which was carried. A. Whitney's plan of a Rail-road, to the District of Columbia, to incorporate Antioch Academy in Robeson.

The following bills and resolutions, from the House passed their first reading:—To incorporate the Duplin Guards; to amend the 49th ch. Rev. Stat.; to authorize the inspection of provisions; to secure the more certain administration of justice; to exempt the Wardens of the Poor and County Trustees from their duty; to incorporate Antioch Academy in Robeson.

The following bills and resolutions, from the House passed their first reading:—To incorporate the Duplin Guards; to amend the 49th ch. Rev. Stat.; to incorporate the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of North Carolina. A bill to amend an act concerning Weights and Measures; more effectually to suppress the trafficking with slaves.

The bill to amend the 3d sec. 29th ch. Rev. Stat., entitled Religious Societies, passed its third reading.

The order of the day, the bill to establish a Lunatic Asylum, was taken up, and after considerable debate, passed its 3d reading.—Ayes 30, noes 30. Adjourned.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Mr. Atkins moved to make the bill for the better regulation of Common Schools, the order of the day for Saturday next. Carried.

Mr. Stoffer Resolved Resolutions approving of Whitney's plan of a Rail-road, which was read the third time and passed.

Mr. Lillington introduced a bill to amend the third section of the 99th Chap. Rev. Stat., entitled Religious Societies. Passed its first reading.

The bill from the House, to provide for the establishment of State Hospital for the Insane, was read the first time and passed.

And the Senate adjourned.

SENATE.

Mr. Halsey introduced a resolution, instructing the Principal Clerks to dismiss the Evolving Clerks, at present employed, and appoint others in their places.

Mr. Halsey remarked that these clerks had not been absent nearly a week, to the great delay of the public business—and that, on yesterday there were about sixty bills waiting to be engrossed, which it was impossible for the only remaining Clerk to have ready. The motion was debated at some length.

Mr. Ferree, from the committee to make arrangements for inducing to office the Governor elect, reported a plan of arrangements, which was concurred in.

Another motion concurred in the proposition to raise a joint select committee on memorial of certain Cherokee Indians. Another proposal to establish a Rail-road, was read the third time and passed.

The bill to amend the Rev. Stat. in relation to the University of Maryland, was agreed to, and Messrs. Dabney, of Cumberland, Steele, of Richmond, Mitchell, of Wilkes, Clark, of Elizabethtown, Reid, of Rockingham, Sanders, of Johnson, Osborne, of Mecklenburg, and Hassell, of Martin, were put in nomination.

It appears to me that we are here on the theatre of action, should address our constituents of the slaveholding States, briefly and accurately, to portray the progress of usurpation and aggression, vividly exhibit the dangers which threaten, and leave it in their hands to mark out the proper line of action. What should be it, is needless here to discuss. Whatever it is, it should be temperate, mild, and decided.

Mr. Calhoun is said to have remarked: I conceive that no Southern man can entertain, for one moment, the idea of tame submission. The action of the South should be unitary, temperate, but decided—our position must be taken deliberately, but held at every hazard. We wage no war of aggression. We ask only for the constitution and union of government of our fathers. We ask of our Northern brethren to leave us those rights and privileges which our fathers held, and, without securing which for their children all that they would have entered into this Union, These we must maintain.

It appears to me that we, who are here on the theatre of action, should address our constituents of the slaveholding States, briefly and accurately, to portray the progress of usurpation and aggression, vividly exhibit the dangers which threaten, and leave it in their hands to mark out the proper line of action. What should be it, is needless here to discuss. Whatever it is, it should be temperate, mild, and decided.

Mr. Cass' return to the Senate.—The Washington Union of the 21 inst., says that he has been placed in possession of a private letter dated Detroit, Dec. 21, 1848, which states that "Gen. Cass will be unanimously returned to the United States Senate."

By a telegraphic despatch from New Orleans, it was received in this city last evening, stating that the interments from cholera during the last 24 hours, in the city cemeteries, were 29, being an increase of 20 over the day previous. A report was in circulation that the steam ship Falcon, bound for Chagres, had run aground.

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From the Baltimore Sun, 1st inst.
BY MAGNETIC TELEGRAPH.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER EUROPA.
FOURTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

The French Presidential Election.

ELECTION OF LOUIS NAPOLON.

FLIGHT OF THE POPE.

The steamer Europa arrived at her wharf yesterday afternoon, after a passage of fifteen days, from Liverpool, whence she sailed on the 16th ult. We received the following despatch last evening from our correspondent at New York:

NEW YORK, Dec. 31. 5 P. M.

The steamer Europa arrived at her wharf this afternoon, bringing news from Liverpool to the 16th ult., embracing most important and interesting news, of which I send you the following synoptical report:

The election for President in France has undoubtedly resulted in the choice of Louis Napoleon.

The Pope has fled from Rome.

France—Election of President—Louis Napoleon has been elected President of France, and Paris is tranquil.

A letter from Paris, dated the 14th inst., says that all was tranquil up to that date.

The returns from the election for President continue to come in favorable to the election of Prince Louis Napoleon to the Presidency. He proposes to name Gen. Cavaignac to the position of Marshal of France.

A general amnesty is spoken of as likely to be presented to the Assembly either by General Cavaignac or the ministry of President Bonaparte. It seems to be understood that it will not include the prisoners of Vincennes.

The intention of promoting the election of M. Dauvois to the Presidency of the National Assembly is reviewed, and will probably be carried into effect.

Marshal Bugeaud made his first appearance in the Assembly to-day, and was received in the Salles des Pas-Pas-Pas by M. Thiers and M. Molé. A great number of members of the Assembly have to day left their cards at the hotel de la Paix.

The proclamation of the election of President will be issued about the 20th. The incomplete returns of the vote stood in the following proportion: Louis Napoleon 66 per cent.; Cavaignac 20 per cent.; Ledru-Rollin 6 per cent.; Raspail 4 per cent.; Lamartine 3 per cent.

The Commissioners will have examined the vote by Monday, and on Wednesday the Assembly will proclaim the election of President.

The Revolution in Rome.—The Revolution in Rome has terminated in the flight of the Pope and the heads of the Roman Catholic Church. One of the most popular princes that ever ascended the Papal throne, is now an exile and wanderer.

The Pope appears, after the scenes last described, to have remained a prisoner in his palace, protected from personal violence by the French Ambassador.

The Pope, in flying from Rome, took refuge at Naples, and was under the protection of the King, refusing to go to France. He has signed a protest, declaring all the late acts void.

Italy.—This country continues in a state of perfect tranquility.

Lord Clarendon has been familiarly received on his return to the Vice Royal Lodge. The usual address of confidence was voted, accompanied with a recommendation of removal of the grievances under which the country labors. His Excellency's reply was most temperate. He utterly disclaims any design on the part of the Government to exclude the Catholics from sitting on juries.

Prussia.—Aarming riots took place at Merne on the 4th of December, and the town was in the hands of the populace on the 5th. For four hours great excesses took place.

Austria.—The Emperor of Austria has abdicated in favor of his nephew, with a new ministry. The President has published an edict declaring the policy of the new President, and pledges to maintain the liberty of the people.

The military executions for political offenses still continue.

The Cholera is raging fearfully at Freeburgh.

THE MARKETS.

Liverpool, Dec. 15.—In the cotton market there has been a quietness, and the trading has remained in a quiet general confidence in the article. Speculators until the last two or three weeks had completely abandoned the market, having as sellers sometime ago cleared out their stocks, and relieved their fears and necessities being a great means of depressing prices to the lowest point in October.

They have now, however, gathered courage, and turned round. There is an active business in fair Uplands and most kinds of American at the full prices of the day. Fair Upland and Mobile is quoted at 44d., and for New Orleans at 43d. Long staple is nearly as before. With these quotations, American, the political disturbances in the United States, the political disturbances in the United States, have lost their influence upon our market: 14,000 American, and 12,000 Surtex, have been taken on speculation, and 1,750 American and 300 Surtex for export. The sales of the week amount to 55,620 bales.

American sweet flax, 27s. to 28s. Indian corn, 31s. to 36s. U. S. white wheat 7s. 9d. to 9s. 2d. Indian meal 15s. 6d. to 16s.

Pork.—Meat 47s. to 54s. Lard, American, in blks, 35s. to 38s. Beef, new American, prime meat 88s. to 90s. per tierce.

Cotton is firm, and in an advance noted in price. West-Carolina firmer, 17s. to 22s.

Natural silk 700 lbs. middling charged hands this week at 6s. No sales this week are reported in tar and turpentine. Sales of rosin at 3s. 6d. per cwt.

Rice.—The transactions in Carolina rice since the last instant are estimated at 210 tierces, viz: 150 tierces at 17s. to 22s; and 600 tierces at 20s. 6d. to 21s. 6d. per cwt.; 11,500 bags, and 2,600 packets, part at 8s. 6d. to 9s. 6d. for low to fair white broken; 11s. to 11s. 6d. for good to fine white.

Tallow is dull. Petersburg 45s. Toguage 40s. per cwt. American descriptions are offering at a reduction, without improving the demand.

No change in Lard.

Money Market, London, Dec. 15.—Consols for money 88s. to 87s.; for account 88s. to 87s.

United States 6 per cent. loan sold December 7th, at 95 to 99.

Further intelligence by the Europa.

We annex a few items of additional intelligence by the Europa, from the Baltimore Sun of the 2d instant:—

From France.—The latest news from France confirms Louis Napoleon's increasing popularity, and Cavaignac's downfall. The returns from the Provinces are even more decisive, as we anticipated, than the returns from the Paris.

In Paris, the absolute majority of the Prince over all his competitors, was nearly 20,000, and in the Bourgeois suburbs, he has a majority of 20,233, and an absolute majority of 16,411 votes out of the 36,000 votes polled for all the candidates. At Bourges 10,000 voted for Prince Louis, whilst 6,000 voted for Gen. Cavaignac.

Judging from all the reports which have reached us, the Prince will have an immense majority. The Cavaignac votes have mostly been procured by Government influence. Already lists of the new Ministry are circulated, some of which place Marshal Oulmont among the Ministers.

Later Yet.—Louis Napoleon's election engrosses all the attention of the people.

Gen. Cavaignac was burnt in effigy amidst a large concourse of people assembled at the Place de l'Orme.

Liverpool, Dec. 15.—Turpentine—2,000 barrels found buyers at 6s. 7d. for middling quality, up to 7s. 8d. for fine, from a ship's side. Spirits & Turpentine 32s. Rosin—Common 3s to 3d. 6d.; transparent 4s a 12s. Tar, per barrel, 13s. 6d.—Lead 1cwt. to 21cwt. 10s. Seeds—Cloves 30 a 38s; Flaxseed, none in market; Timothy, none in market. Rice—Carolina, per cwt, 17 a 21s—fair inquiry.

SOUTH CAROLINA CONFERENCE. APPOINTMENTS FOR 1849.

Charleston District—S. W. CAPERS, P. E. Cumberland & R. Whiteford Smith.

Trinity C. H. Portier.

Bethel—J. A. Porter.

Black Swamp—W. McSwain, T. Mitchell.

Savannah River Miss.—To be supplied, H. F. Porter.

Walterboro'—A. W. Walker, E. F. Maynard.

Cumbeake Miss—J. R. Colburn, O. A. Chetizberg.

Orangeburg—W. G. Connor.

Cypress—W. C. Kirkland, G. W. Moore.

Pon Pon Miss—S. P. Taylor.

Cooper River—J. W. Kelly.

Cooper River Miss—T. E. Leadbetter.

Beaufort Miss—D. P. Cox, L. A. Johnson.

Eliot Miss—C. Wilson, M. L. Banks.

Colleton Neck Miss—J. W. Warnock.

Laurens—Z. W. Barnes.

Newbury—D. G. Brown, S. H. Dunwoody.

Myrtle—J. S. Stoy, A. H. Harmon.

Columbia District—N. Taylor, P. E.

Charleston—J. T. Wrightman.

Bamboo Hill—R. J. Bell, A. H. Harmon.

Columbia Circuit—J. W. Wightman.

Charleston—L. A. Smith.

Cokeville—D. P. Mouzon, A. L. Smith.

Cokeville—C. A. Crowell, Dr. J. T. Munds.

Penleton—M. Pucket.

Pickens—P. Franks.

Parris Mountain—D. W. Seale.

Greenville—S. M. Greene.

Greenville Circuit—A. McGivry, J. Finger.

Union—S. Townsend, H. C. Parsons.

Laurens—Z. W. Barnes.

Myrtle—D. G. Brown, S. H. Dunwoody.

Mt. Pleasant—L. Scarborough.

Columbia District—N. Taylor, P. E.

Charleston—D. P. Cox, A. H. Harmon.

Columbia Circuit—J. W. Wightman.

Bamboo Hill—R. J. Bell, A. H. Harmon.

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